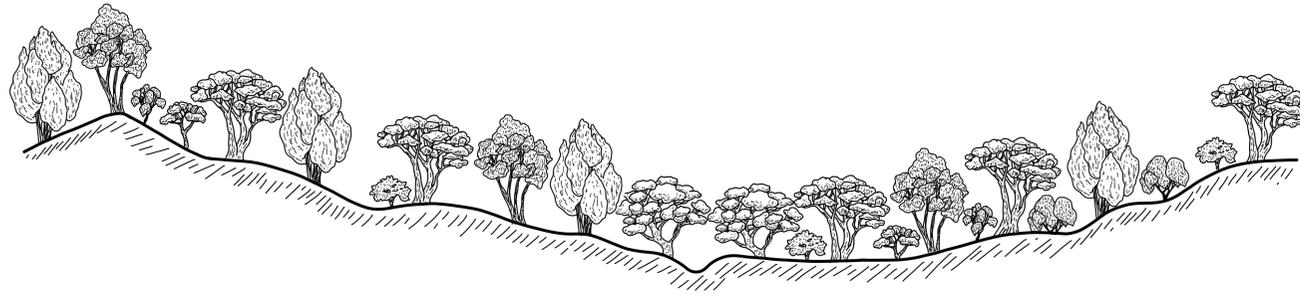


For guidance on planning your revegetation or restoration site (size, shape, species, density of planting) refer to chapters 4 and 5 of this guide, and head to [www.revegetation.org.au](http://www.revegetation.org.au)

Remember: good quality vegetation sites may not need revegetation at all. Appropriate management can encourage natural regeneration.

## GRASSY CREEK



LANDFORM	Upper Slopes		Mid Slopes		Creeks, Rivers and Low Country	
VEGETATION TYPE	Dry Shrubby Box – Ironbark Forest		Blakely's Red Gum – Yellow Box grassy tall woodland & White Box grassy woodlands		River Red Gum Woodland	
GEOLOGY & SOILS	Shallow to moderately deep with a loamy to sandy texture, on granite, sandstone, or metasedimentary rocks		Chromosols – fertile deep, loam or clay soils derived from a range of substrates including fine-grained sedimentary and metamorphic rocks but also volcanics and fine-grained granite.		Riverine deposits of clay, silt, sand and gravel	
LOCATION EXAMPLE	(no intact example available)		(no intact example available)		(no intact example available)	
TREES > 8 m	<i>Allocasuarina verticillata</i> <i>Brachychiton populneus</i> <i>Callitris endlicheri</i> <i>Eucalyptus goniocalyx</i> <i>E. polyanthemus</i> + <i>E. sideroxylon</i>	Drooping Sheoak Kurrajong Black cypress pine Long-leaf Box Red Box Mugga/Red Ironbark	<i>Brachychiton populneus</i> <i>Eucalyptus albens</i> <i>E. blakelyi</i> <i>E. bridgesiana</i> <i>E. dwyeri</i> <i>E. goniocalyx</i> <i>E. melliodora</i>	Kurrajong White Box Blakely's Red Gum Apple Box Dwyer's Red Gum Long-leaf Box Yellow Box	<i>Casuarina cunninghamiana</i> <i>Eucalyptus bridgesiana</i> <i>E. camaldulensis</i> <i>E. melliodora</i>	River Sheoak Apple Box River Red Gum Yellow Box
SHRUBS 1.5 - 8 m	<i>Acacia rubida</i> <i>A. buxifolia</i> <i>A. dealbata</i> <i>A. doratoxylon</i> <i>A. genistifolia</i> <i>A. implexa</i> <i>A. lanigera</i> <i>A. melanoxylon</i> <i>A. paradoxa</i> <i>A. parramattensis</i> <i>A. falciformis</i> <i>A. verniciflua</i> <i>A. verniciflua</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa angustissima</i> -	Red-stemmed Wattle Box-leaf Wattle Silver wattle Currawang Spreading Wattle Hickory Woolly wattle Blackwood Acacia Kangaroo thorn Parramatta wattle Mountain Hickory Varnish wattle Varnish wattle Narrow-leaf Hop-bush	<i>Acacia rubida</i> <i>A. buxifolia</i> <i>A. dealbata</i> <i>A. doratoxylon</i> <i>A. falciformis</i> <i>A. genistifolia</i> <i>A. implexa</i> <i>A. lanigera</i> <i>A. melanoxylon</i> <i>A. paradoxa</i> <i>A. parramattensis</i> <i>A. verniciflua</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa angustissima</i> <i>Exocarpos cupressiformis</i>	Red-stemmed Wattle Box-leaf Wattle Silver wattle Currawang Mountain hickory Spreading Wattle Hickory Woolly wattle Blackwood Acacia Kangaroo thorn Parramatta wattle Varnish wattle Narrow-leaf Hop-bush Cherry Ballart	<i>Acacia dealbata</i> <i>A. melanoxylon</i> <i>Callistemon sieberi</i> <i>Leptospermum continentale</i> <i>L. obovatum</i>	Silver wattle Blackwood Acacia River bottlebrush Prickly Tea-tree River Tea Tree
GROUND COVERS	<i>Chrysocephalum apiculatum</i> <i>Lomandra filiformis filiformis</i> <i>Melicichrus urceolatus</i> <i>Platylobium formosum formosum</i> <i>Poa sieberiana sieberiana</i> <i>Rytidosperma</i> spp. <i>Xanthorrhoea glauca angustifolia</i>			Yellow Everlasting Wattle Mat-rush Urn Heath Waratah Grey Tussock Wallaby Grasses Swamp Grass-tree	<i>Bothriochloa macra</i> <i>Carex inversa</i> <i>Dianella revoluta revoluta</i> <i>Lomandra multiflora</i> <i>Lomandra</i> spp. <i>Poa sieberiana</i> <i>Rytidosperma auriculata</i> <i>R. setacea</i>	Red Grass Knob Sedge Spreading Flax-lily Many-flowered Mat-rush Mat-rush Fine-leaf Tussock Grass Common Wallaby Grass Bristly Wallaby Grass