

For guidance on planning your revegetation or restoration site (size, shape, species, density of planting) refer to chapters 4 and 5 of this guide, and head to www.revegetation.org.au

Remember: good quality vegetation sites may not need revegetation at all. Appropriate management can encourage natural regeneration.

URANGELINE



LANDFORM	Creeklines and Plains		Low Hills	
VEGETATION TYPE	Grey Box woodland		Grey Box/White Box woodland	
GEOLOGY & SOILS	Unconsolidated riverine deposits of clay, silt, sand and gravel Red-brown earths and grey and brown clays		Residual and colluvial deposits derived from underlying meta-sediments. Red and yellow podzolic (duplex) soils	
LOCATION EXAMPLE	Urangeline Creek and Urangeline East		Pleasant Hills and Urangeline areas	
TREES > 8 m	<i>Acacia pendula</i> * <i>Allocasuarina verticillata</i> <i>Callitris glaucophylla</i> <i>Eucalyptus blakelyi</i> + <i>E. camaldulensis</i> <i>E. melliodora</i> <i>E. microcarpa</i> + creekline only	Boree Drooping Sheoak White Cypress Pine Blakely's Red Gum River Red Gum Yellow Box Grey Box	<i>Acacia implexa</i> <i>A. pendula</i> <i>Allocasuarina luehmannii</i> <i>A. verticillata</i> <i>Brachychiton populneus</i> <i>Callitris glaucophylla</i> * <i>Eucalyptus albens</i> <i>E. blakelyi</i> <i>E. melliodora</i> <i>E. microcarpa</i> <i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	Hickory Wattle Boree Bulloak Drooping Sheoak Kurrajong White Cypress Pine White Box Blakely's Red Gum Yellow Box Grey Box Butterbush
	* slight rises		* Eastern extremities of catchment	
SHRUBS 1.5 - 8 m	<i>Acacia acinacea</i> <i>A. decora</i> <i>A. difformis</i> <i>A. hakeoides</i> <i>A. montana</i> <i>A. pycnantha</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa cuneata</i> <i>Duma florulenta</i> <i>Eremophila longifolia</i> <i>Hakea leucoptera</i> <i>Senna artemisioides</i>	Gold Dust Wattle Western Silver Wattle Drooping Wattle Hakea Wattle Mallee Wattle Golden Wattle Wedge-leaf Hop-bush Lignum Long-leaf Emu-bush Silver Needlewood Silver Cassia	<i>Acacia acinacea</i> <i>A. deanei</i> <i>A. decora</i> <i>A. difformis</i> <i>A. hakeoides</i> <i>A. montana</i> * <i>A. paradoxa</i> <i>A. pycnantha</i> <i>Bursaria spinosa</i> <i>Cassinia sifton</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa cuneata</i> <i>Eremophila longifolia</i> <i>Indigofera australis</i> <i>Santalum acuminatum</i> <i>Senna artemisioides</i>	Gold Dust Wattle Deane's Wattle Western Silver Wattle Drooping Wattle Hakea Wattle Mallee Wattle Kangaroo Thorn Golden Wattle Native Blackthorn Dolly Bush Wedge-leaf Hop-bush Long-leaf Emu-bush Austral Indigo Quandong Silver Cassia
			* Eastern extremities of catchment	
GROUND COVERS	<i>Austrostipa</i> spp. <i>Dianella porracea</i> <i>Maireana microphylla</i> <i>Poa</i> spp. <i>Rytidosperma</i> spp.	Speargrass Smooth Flax-lily Eastern Cottonbush Tussock Grasses Wallaby Grass	<i>Austrostipa</i> spp. <i>Dianella porracea</i> <i>D. revoluta</i> <i>Helichrysum</i> spp. <i>Lomandra</i> spp. <i>Poa</i> spp. <i>Rytidosperma</i> spp. <i>Themeda triandra</i>	Speargrass Smooth Flax-lily Spreading Flax-lily Everlasting Daisy Mat-rush Tussock Grasses Wallaby Grass Kangaroo Grass